

KeyBanc Capital Markets 2011 Basic Materials & Packaging Conference

September 13, 2011









Safe Harbor Statement



Some of the information included in this presentation contains "forward-looking statements" (as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Such forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available. Forward-looking statements include the information concerning Suncoke's possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, financing plans, competitive position, potential growth opportunities, potential operating performance improvements, effects resulting from our separation from Sunoco, the effects of competition and the effects of future legislation or regulations. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "believe," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue," "may," "will," "should" or the negative of these terms or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

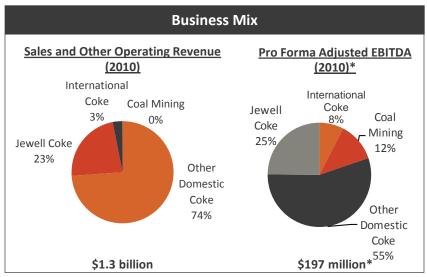
In accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, SunCoke has included in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission cautionary language identifying important factors (but not necessarily all the important factors) that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by SunCoke. For more information concerning these factors, see SunCoke's Securities and Exchange Commission filings. All forward-looking statements included in this presentation are expressly qualified in their entirety by such cautionary statements. SunCoke undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statement (or its associated cautionary language) whether as a result of new information or future events or otherwise.

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures intended to supplement, not substitute for, comparable GAAP measures. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to GAAP financial measures are provided in the Appendix at the end of the presentation. Investors are urged to consider carefully the comparable GAAP measures and the reconciliations to those measures provided in the Appendix, or on our website at www.suncoke.com.

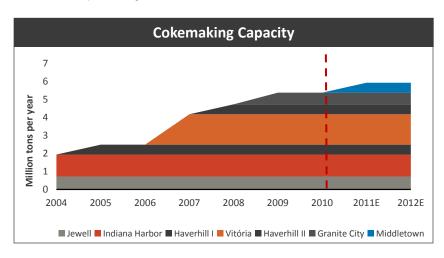
SunCoke at a Glance



- Largest independent producer of high-quality metallurgical coke in the Americas
 - Over 45 years of production experience
- 2010 total revenue and adjusted EBITDA of \$1.3 billion and \$227 million, respectively
- Five cokemaking facilities (four in U.S. and one in Brazil) with a sixth facility expected to start-up in Q4 2011
 - Approximately 5.9 million tons per year cokemaking capacity including new facility
 - Grown capacity from 2.5 million tons in 2005 to 5.4 million tons in 2010
- Secure, long-term contracts with leading steelmakers who have been increasingly outsourcing coke production to SunCoke
- Metallurgical coal mining operations in Virginia and West Virginia
 - 1.2 million tons of metallurgical coal production annually
 - Expect production to double to 2.4–2.5 million tons per annum by mid-2013
- □ Approximately 1,180 employees (980 U.S. / 200 Brazil)
- □ Expect Sunoco to complete spin-off within 12 months of IPO

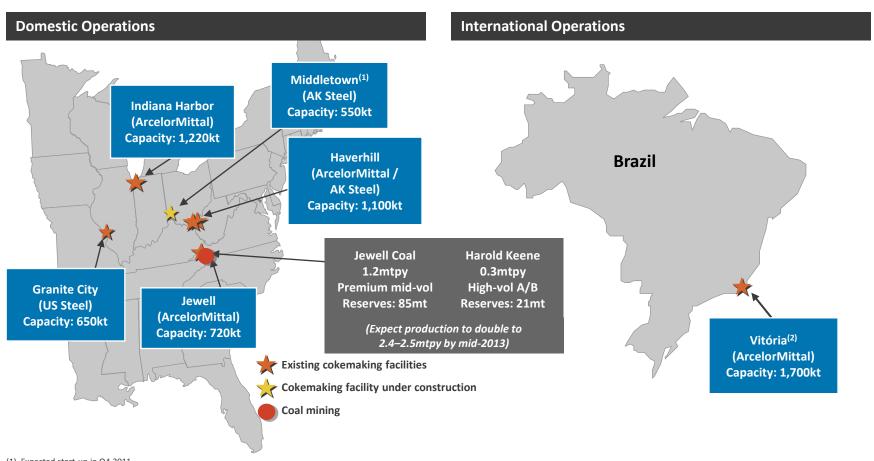


*Excludes Corporate Segment



Strategically-Located Cokemaking Facilities and Mines

Our U.S. facilities are located in close proximity to all U.S. integrated steelmaking facilities



- (1) Expected start-up in Q4 2011.
- (2) SunCoke holds a preferred interest of \$41 million in Vitória and is the operator.

Delivering Coke and Energy to Customers



Coke

Energy

Blast Furnace Coke

- Key raw material in blast furnace ironmaking process
- Acts as a reductant and burden in the blast furnace

and

Breeze or Nut Coke

 Small-sized coke fines screened from the blast furnacesized coke production

Steam

 □ Heat recovery steam generators ("HRSG") capture waste heat from the coking process to make low-pressure, saturated steam

and/or

Electric Power

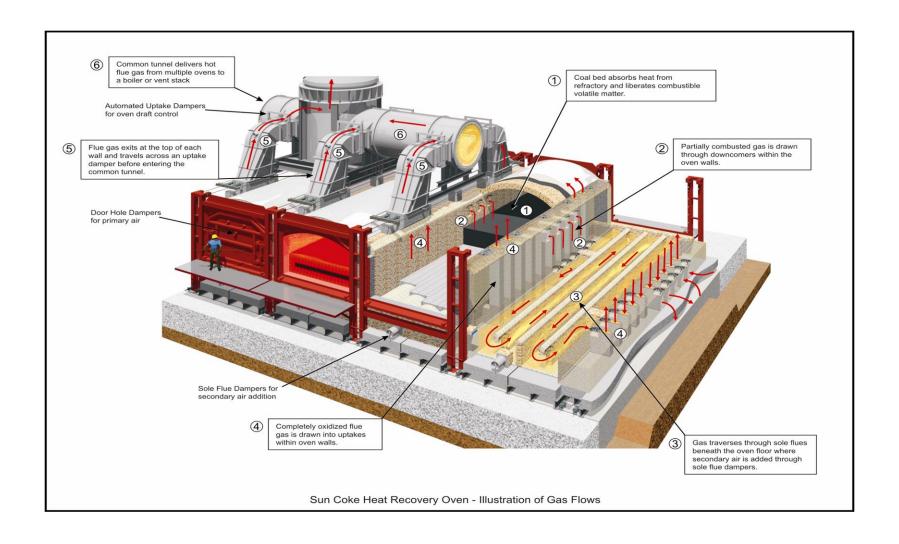
- HRSGs produce highpressure, superheated steam for power generation
- □ Facilities generate
 ~9 MW electric power
 each hour per 110,000
 tons of annual coke
 production











SunCoke's Oven vs. By-Product Ovens



SunCoke's technology is the industry's environmental standard and provides many advantages over the traditional cokemaking process

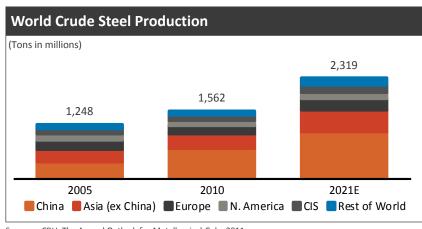




	SunCoke Heat Recovery	Traditional By-Product
Pressurization	Negative pressure	Positive pressure
Air Emissions	MACT standard for new batteries	 Potential for emission of hazardous compounds
Power Generation	 Cogenerates power 	 Power consuming process
Hazardous Inputs	• None	Yes – sulfuric acid
Volatile Organic Compounds	Complete combustion	 No combustion
Solid Wastes	No toxic solid wastes	 Process produces toxic waste streams
Water Usage	No wastewater discharges	Requires wastewater treatment facility

Strong Industry Fundamentals





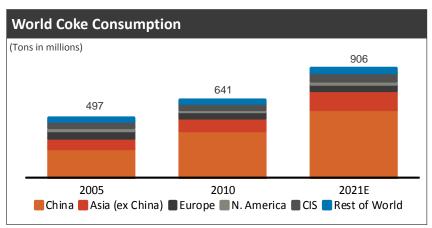
Source: CRU, The Annual Outlook for Metallurgical Coke 2011.

- ☐ We expect significant infrastructure investment in emerging markets to drive steel demand growth
- □ Coke/blast furnace iron production is expected to remain the dominant process

- China: ~90%

World: ~70%

U.S.: ~40%



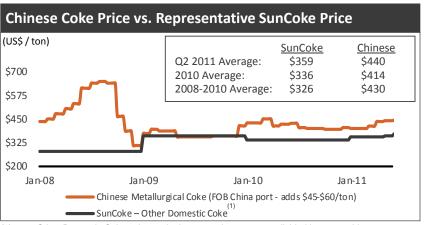
Source: CRU, The Annual Outlook for Metallurgical Coke 2011.

- ☐ We expect demand to increase with growing integrated steel production
- □ Aging coke infrastructure
 - 44% of existing global coke capacity (excluding China and CIS) is over 30 years old
 - 53% of North American coke capacity is over 30 years old
 - SunCoke's U.S. growth has been driven by coke battery replacement

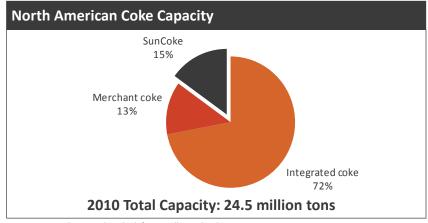
SunCoke's North American Industry Position



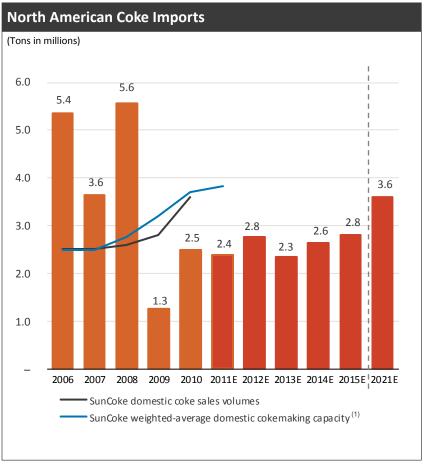
SunCoke has the opportunity to displace higher cost coke imports



(1) Other Domestic Coke sales and other operating revenues divided by tons sold.



Source: CRU, The Annual Outlook for Metallurgical Coke 2011.



Source: CRU, The Annual Outlook for Metallurgical Coke 2011.

 Represents SunCoke's domestic cokemaking capacity weighted by the number of months each facility operated during that year.

SunCoke's Value Proposition



A competitive turnkey coke solution which produces a consistent stream of earnings



Focused Growth Strategy



Growth Initiatives

Continue to grow our North American cokemaking businesses; with portion of future coke capacity reserved for market sales

Grow our international footprint with a focus on key growth markets

Expand our domestic coal production from current reserves and pursue selective reserve additions

Foundations for Growth

Maintain our consistent focus on operational excellence, safety and environmental stewardship

Maintain our technological advantage through the development or acquisition of new technologies

Maintain liquidity and financial flexibility to facilitate growth

We believe
SunCoke Energy
is uniquely
positioned for
continued
investment and
earnings
growth



	Coke E	xpansion Focused on 4 Key Markets
	Market Drivers	Our Focus / Activities
North America	□ Import displacement□ Battery replacements	□ Early stages of permitting an anticipated 1.1 million tons of coke per year potential new cokemaking facility in Kentucky
India	New blast furnace constructionImport displacement	□ MOU for minority investment in Global Coke Limited
Brazil	□ New blast furnace construction	□ Ongoing discussions with multiple customers for new coke capacity
China	□ Largest blast furnace steel market	□ Exploring partner opportunities to enter market

Coal Development

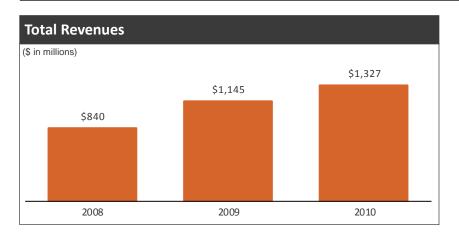


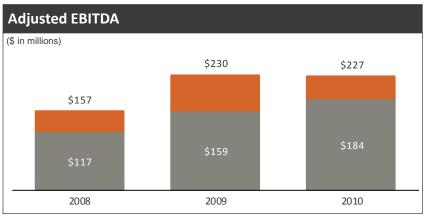
Current Operations Planned Growth Doubling Our Production 1.2 million tons □ 106 million tons of proven ☐ Expected 500,000 tons per current production capacity and probable reserves year expansion of Jewell Coal **Underground** Mid-2013 completion ☐ Reserve life of 50+ years **Mining** 0.3 million tons HKCC acquisition expected - Expect total cost of \$25 million 0.5 million tons expected Jewell ☐ Evaluating HKCC expansion expansion ☐ Limited highwall mining at ☐ Signed agreement to extract 0.4-0.5 million tons expected additional surface tons **HKCC** surface mining Surface - Expect 1.3 million tons Mining over 3 years beginning in 2012 2.4-2.5 million tons per annum ☐ Acquired Harold Keene Coal ☐ Evaluating selective, opportunistic additions of Companies in January 2011 (Expect to double current production **Selective** coal reserves by mid-2013) Reserve **Additions**

Historical Financial Summary



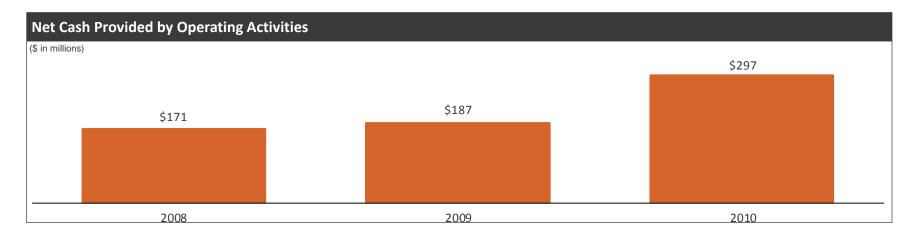
Strong growth in earnings and cash flow driven by coke expansion





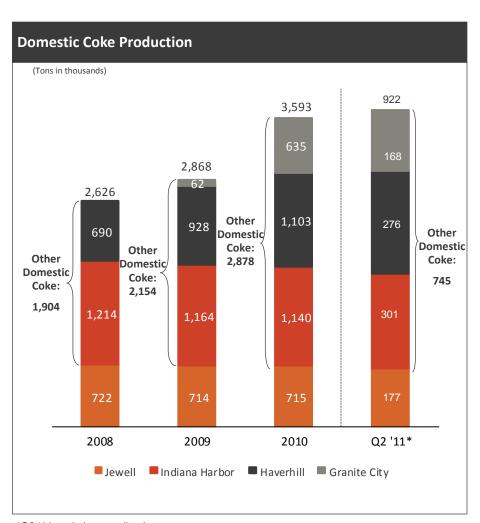
Note: See Appendix for reconciliation.

Grey colored bars represent Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA for ArcelorMittal settlement.

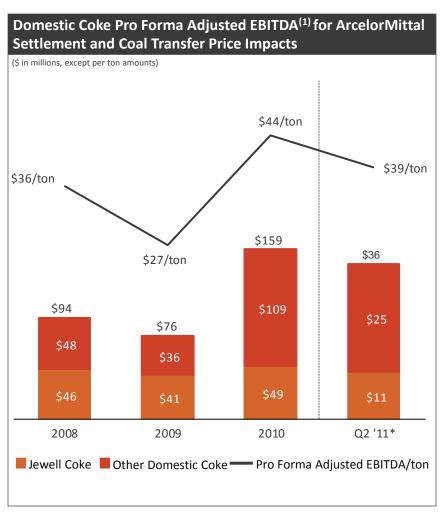


Domestic Coke Financial Summary (Jewell Coke & Other Domestic Coke)





*Q2 '11 scale is annualized

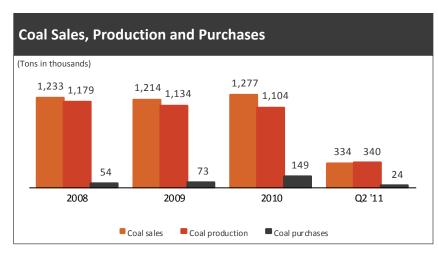


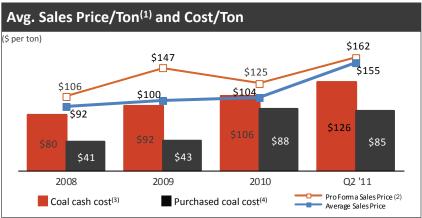
⁽¹⁾ For a reconciliation of Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA to operating income, please see the appendix.

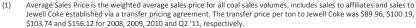
^{*}Q2 '11 scale is annualized

Coal Mining Financial Summary

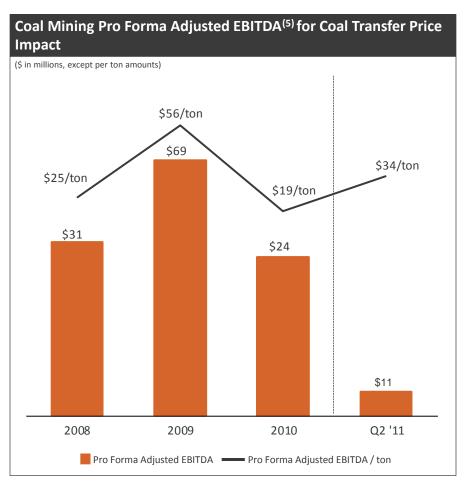








⁽²⁾ Pro Forma Sales Price is the Average Sales Price adjusted to set the internal transfer price on Jewell Coke coal purchase volumes equal to the Jewell Coke coal component contract price. The per ton coal cost component included in the Jewell Coke contract was approximately \$106, \$155, \$130 and \$165 for 2008, 2009, 2010, and Q2 '11 respectively.



(5) For a reconciliation of Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA to operating income, please see the appendix.

⁽³⁾ Mining and preparation costs, excluding depreciation, depletion and amortization, divided by coal production volume.

⁽⁴⁾ Costs of purchased raw coal divided by purchased coal volume.

Second Quarter Overview



Q2 '11 vs. Q2 '10

- Year-over-year quarterly results reflect unfavorable impact of ArcelorMittal settlement, and relocation and public company readiness costs
- Net Income Attributable to Net Parent Investment of \$22.4 million in Q2 '11 vs. \$44.3 million in Q2 '10
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ of \$37.6 million in Q2 '11 vs. \$68.7 million in Q2 '10

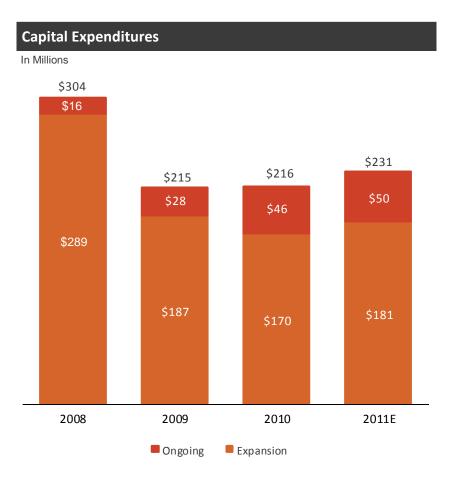
Q2 '11 vs. Q1 '11

- Improvement over Q1 '11 driven by stronger Indiana Harbor performance and better utilization rates across all Coke Operations
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ of \$37.6 million in Q2 '11 vs. \$26.6 million in Q1 '11

Capital Expenditures



- Expect 2011 Capital Expenditures of \$231 million, up \$15 million vs. 2010
 - Middletown and coal expansion represents expansion capital
 - First Half 2011 capital expenditures totaled \$128 million





Capital Structure

- Issued \$700M in debt in the form of \$300M Term
 Loan and \$400M Senior Notes
- Repaid intercompany payable to Sunoco of \$575 million with balance of the net proceeds retained for general corporate purposes

Liquidity

 Sufficient liquidity (cash and undrawn revolver) to support growth strategy and allow opportunistic acquisitions

Growth Funding

Will continue to invest operating cash flows into expansion projects

Dividend Policy

Dividends or share buybacks not considered at this time

Near-term Growth Drivers (2012/2013)



Middletown

On track for start-up in Q4

Indiana Harbor

- No anticipated contractual production shortfall in 2012/2013
- \$50M \$100M estimated spending to support contract extension
- Contract renewal negotiations in process

Coal Expansion

- Addressing tight labor market challenges
- Expect to reach 350K tons annualized rate in 2012 and 500K annualized rate by mid-2013
- Executed contract mining agreement with Revelation Energy, LLC to mine approximately 1.3 million tons of surface reserves over 3 years

Long-term Growth Drivers (2013 and Beyond)



International – Brazil, China and India

- Steel is growing in emerging economies, led by China and India
- India is attractive for us given expected growth in primary coke demand and coke supply/demand balance
 - Memorandum of Understanding with Global Coke

Next U.S. Coke Plant

- Permitting process in Kentucky underway
 - Also assessing alternative sites in other states
- Expect plant to be 1.1 million tons in capacity with portion reserved for market coke sales
- Engineering design targeting CAPEX/ton reductions over Middletown





Appendix



Management Team



SunCoke's management team represents a combination of deep industry knowledge, international experience and broad management/technical skills

Name	Position	Years of experience	Previous experience
Fritz Henderson	Chief Executive Officer	26	General Motors
Michael Thomson	President and Chief Operating Officer	28	Public Service Enterprise Group, Corning
Mark Newman	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	25	Ally Financial, General Motors
Denise Cade	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary	21	PPG Industries, Shaw Pittman LLP
Matthew McGrath	Senior Vice President, Corporate Strategy and Business Development	21	Public Service Enterprise Group
Michael White	Senior Vice President, Operations	30	Sunoco, Lyondell-Equistar, Exxon
Jim Mullins	Vice President, Coal Operations	35	Arch Coal, Island Creek Coal
Fay West	Vice President and Controller	19	United Continental, PepsiAmericas
Ryan Osterholm	Director, Finance and Investor Relations	13	Public Service Enterprise Group

Board of Directors



Name	Affiliation	Employment History	Board affiliations
Fritz Henderson	SunCoke Energy	SunCoke Energy, Inc; General Motors	Compuware Corp.
Alvin Bledsoe	Independent	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	Crestwood Midstream Partners
Robert Darnall	Independent	Inland Steel Industries; Ispat North America, Inc.	
Stacy Fox	Sunoco	Sunoco, Inc.; Roxbury Group; Collins & Aikman Corporation	
Peter Hamilton	Independent	Brunswick Corporation	Spectra Energy Corp.
Michael Hennigan	Sunoco	Sunoco Logistics Partners L.P.; Sunoco, Inc.	
Brian MacDonald	Sunoco	Sunoco, Inc.; Dell, Inc.	Sunoco Logistics and American Red Cross (Southeastern, PA chapter)
Charmian Uy	Sunoco	Sunoco, Inc.; American Express; General Motors	
Dennis Zeleny	Sunoco	Sunoco, Inc.; Sunoco Logistics Partners L.P.; Caremark RX, LLC	

Definitions



- Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization ("EBITDA") adjusted for sales discounts and the deduction of income attributable to non-controlling interests in our Indiana Harbor cokemaking operations. EBITDA reflects sales discounts included as a reduction in sales and other operating revenue. The sales discounts represent the sharing with our customers of a portion of nonconventional fuels tax credits, which reduce our income tax expense. However, we believe that our Adjusted EBITDA would be inappropriately penalized if these discounts were treated as a reduction of EBITDA since they represent sharing of a tax benefit which is not included in EBITDA. Accordingly, in computing Adjusted EBITDA, we have added back these sales discounts. Our Adjusted EBITDA also reflects the deduction of income attributable to noncontrolling interest in our Indiana Harbor cokemaking operations. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not represent and should not be considered alternatives to net income or operating income under GAAP and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other businesses. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA is an important measure of the operating performance of the company's assets and is indicative of the Company's ability to generate cash from operations.
- <u>Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA</u> represents Adjusted EBITDA adjusted for the ArcelorMittal settlement impact and coal transfer price impacts. The Jewell Coke and Coal Mining results have been adjusted to set the internal transfer price to equal the coal component contract price in Jewell Coke's coke sales price for coal sales volumes sold to Jewell Coke under the transfer pricing agreement. Management believes Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA provides transparency into the underlying profitability of these respective segments for the periods presented.

Reconciliations



			Fiscal year en	ded Decembe	r 31, 2010	
	Jewell	Other	International	Coal	Corporate	Total
	Coke	Domestic Coke	Coke	Mining	and Other	
Net Income						\$146
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization						48
Subtract: Interest Income (Primarily from Affiliates)						(24)
Add: Interest Cost – Affiliate						5
Subtract: Capitalized Interest						(1)
Add (Subtract): Income Tax Expense (Benefit)						47
EBITDA	\$151	\$74	\$15	(\$4)	(\$14)	\$222
Add: Sales Discounts Provided to Customers Due to Sharing of Nonconventional Fuels Tax Credits	_	12	_	-	_	12
Add (Subtract): Net (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	_	(7)	_	_	_	(7)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$151	\$79	\$15	(\$4)	(\$14)	\$227
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Impact of ArcelorMittal Settlement	(78)	18	_	-	_	(60)
Add: Legal and Settlement Charges Related to ArcelorMittal Settlement and Indiana Harbor Arbitration	4	13	_	-	_	16
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Coal Transfer Price Impact ⁽¹⁾	(28)	_	_	28	-	-
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA	\$49	\$109	\$15	\$24	(\$14)	\$184
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	721	2,917	_	1,277	_	
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA per Ton (\$ per ton)	\$69	\$37		\$19		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$147	\$39	\$15	(\$11)	(\$15)	\$174
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	4	35	0	8	1	48
EBITDA	\$151	\$74	\$15	(\$4)	(\$14)	\$222

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma impact from equalizing coal transfer price to Jewell Coke with Jewell Coke coal cost component. Assumes coal-to-coke yield of 68%.



	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2009								
	Jewell Coke	Other Domestic Coke	International Coke	Coal Mining	Corporate and Other	Total			
Net Income						\$211			
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization						32			
Subtract: Interest Income (Primarily from Affiliates)						(25)			
Add: Interest Cost – Affiliate						6			
Subtract: Capitalized Interest						(1)			
Add (Subtract): Income Tax Expense (Benefit)						21			
EBITDA	\$182	\$36	\$23	\$11	(\$9)	\$244			
Add: Sales Discounts Provided to Customers Due to Sharing of Nonconventional Fuels Tax Credits	_	8	_	_	_	8			
Add (Subtract): Net (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	_	(22)	_	_	-	(22)			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$182	\$23	\$23	\$11	(\$9)	\$230			
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Impact of ArcelorMittal Settlement	(84)	13	_	-	-	(71)			
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Coal Transfer Price Impact ⁽¹⁾	(58)	-	-	58	-	-			
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA	\$41	\$36	\$23	\$69	(\$9)	\$159			
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	694	2,119		1,214					
Pro Forma EBITDA per Ton (\$ per ton)	\$59	\$17		\$56					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$178	\$15	\$23	\$5	(\$9)	\$212			
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	5	22	0	6	0	32			
EBITDA	\$182	\$36	\$23	\$11	(\$9)	\$244			

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma impact from equalizing coal transfer price to Jewell Coke with Jewell Coke coal cost component. Assumes coal-to-coke yield of 68%.



	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2008								
	Jewell Coke D	Other	International	Coal	Corporate	Total			
		Coke Domestic Coke	Coke	Mining	and Other	Total			
Net Income						\$133			
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization						25			
Subtract: Interest Income (Primarily from Affiliates)						(28)			
Add: Interest Cost – Affiliate						11			
Subtract: Capitalized Interest						(4)			
Add (Subtract): Income Tax Expense (Benefit)						38			
EBITDA	\$119	\$50	\$5	\$14	(\$13)	\$175			
Add: Sales Discounts Provided to Customers Due to Sharing of Nonconventional Fuels Tax Credits	-	1	-	_	_	1			
Add (Subtract): Net (Income) Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	_	(19)	_	_	_	(19)			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$119	\$32	\$5	\$14	(\$13)	\$157			
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Impact of ArcelorMittal Settlement	(56)	16	_	_	_	(40)			
Add (Subtract): Pro Forma Coal Transfer Price Impact ⁽¹⁾	(17)	_	_	17	_	_			
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA	\$46	\$48	\$5	\$31	(\$13)	\$117			
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	727	1,901		1,233					
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA per Ton (\$ per ton)	\$63	\$25		\$25					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$114	\$35	\$5	\$10	(\$13)	\$151			
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	5	15	0	4	0	25			
EBITDA	\$119	\$50	\$5	\$14	(\$13)	\$175			

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma impact from equalizing coal transfer price to Jewell Coke with Jewell Coke coal cost component. Assumes coal-to-coke yield of 68%.



(\$ in million, except where indicated)						
	For	the Three Month	s Ended June 3	0, 2011 (Unaudi	ted)	
		Other	International		Corporate	
	Jewell Coke	Domestic Coke	Coke	Coal Mining	and Other	Total
Net Income						\$23,993
Add: depreciation, depletion and amortization						14,605
Subtract: interest income (primarily from affiliates)						(5,763
Add: interest cost - affiliate						1,723
Subtract: capitalized interest						(399
Add (Subtract): income tax expense (benefit)						1,881
EBITDA	\$12,892	\$23,695	\$843	\$9,144	(\$10,534)	\$36,040
Add: sales discounts provided to customers due to sharing of nonconventional fuels tax credits		3,174				3,174
Add (Subtract): net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1,573)				(1,573
Adjusted EBITDA	\$12,892	\$25,296	\$843	\$9,144	(\$10,534)	\$37,641
Add (Subtract): coal transfer price impact	(2,334)			2,334		-
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA without coal transfer impact	\$10,558	\$25,296	\$843	\$11,478	(\$10,534)	\$37,641
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	170	757	412	334		
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA per Ton	\$62	\$33		\$34		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$11,559	\$14,059	\$788	\$5,964	(\$10,935)	\$21,435
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	1,333	9,636	55	3,180	401	14,605
EBITDA	\$12,892	\$23,695	\$843	\$9,144	(\$10,534)	\$36,040



(\$ III Million, except where indicated)	For	tha Thraa Manth	c Endad Juna 2	0. 2010 / Upaudi	tod)	
	FUI	the Three Month		-	•	
		Other	International		Corporate	
	Jewell Coke	Domestic Coke	Coke	Coal Mining	and Other	Total
Net Income						\$47,550
Add: depreciation, depletion and amortization						11,107
Subtract: interest income (primarily from affiliates)						(6,039)
Add: interest cost - affiliate						1,701
Subtract: capitalized interest						(127)
Add (Subtract): income tax expense (benefit)						14,774
EBITDA	\$53,044	\$18,716	\$7	\$107	(\$2,908)	\$68,966
Add: sales discounts provided to customers due to sharing of nonconventional fuels tax credits		2,980				2,980
Add (Subtract): net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(3,256)				(3,256)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$53,044	\$18,440	\$7	\$107	(\$2,908)	\$68,690
Add (Subtract): pro forma impact of ArcelorMittal settlement	(23,600)	4,300				(19,300)
Add (Subtract): coal transfer price impact	(15,219)			15,219		-
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA without ArcelorMittal settlement and coal transfer price impact	\$14,225	\$22,740	\$7	\$15,326	(\$2,908)	\$49,390
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	191	718	422	314		
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA per Ton	\$74	\$32		\$49		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$51,945	\$10,793	(\$18)	(\$1,818)	(\$3,043)	\$57,859
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	1,099	7,923	25	1,925	135	11,107
EBITDA	\$53,044	\$18,716	\$7	\$107	(\$2,908)	\$68,966



(\$ in million, except where indicated)	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)						
		Other	International		Corporate		
	Jewell Coke	Domestic Coke	Coke	Coal Mining	and Other	Total	
Net Income						\$5,655	
Add: depreciation, depletion and amortization						13,020	
Subtract: interest income (primarily from affiliates)						(5,717)	
Add: interest cost - affiliate						1,500	
Subtract: capitalized interest						(312)	
Add (Subtract): income tax expense (benefit)						3,139	
EBITDA	\$19,054	(\$857)	\$988	\$4,296	(\$6,196)	\$17,285	
Add: sales discounts provided to customers due to sharing of nonconventional fuels tax credits		3,125				3,125	
Add (Subtract): net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		6,171				6,171	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$19,054	\$8,439	\$988	\$4,296	(\$6,196)	\$26,581	
Add (Subtract): coal transfer price impact	(8,042)			8,042		-	
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA without coal transfer price impact	\$11,012	\$8,439	\$988	\$12,338	(\$6,196)	\$26,581	
Sales Volumes (thousands of tons)	175	697	362	386			
Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA per Ton	\$63	\$12		\$32			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$17,953	(\$9,472)	\$935	\$1,577	(\$6,728)	\$4,265	
Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	1,101	8,615	53	2,719	532	13,020	
EBITDA	\$19,054	(\$857)	\$988	\$4,296	(\$6,196)	\$17,285	